MENASHA JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT MENASHA, WISCONSIN AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Menasha Joint School District Menasha, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Menasha Joint School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Menasha Joint School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-13 and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying nonmajor funds and general fund combining schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Guidelines, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ERICKSON & ASSOCIATES, S.C.

Krickson : associates, S.C.

Appleton, Wisconsin January 3, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

This section of Menasha Joint School District's (District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's overall financial status, as reflected in total net position, increased by \$7.6M.
- The General Fund (Fund 10) fund balance decreased from \$9.86M to \$9.79M. The original budget was adopted with the expectation of an increase in fund balance. The actual decrease in Fund 10 was \$70,342.
- As of June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$106.49M, an increase of \$91.44M in comparison with the prior year. The entire fund balance has been assigned or restricted for specific purposes with the largest amount set aside to pay future contractual salaries.
- Board of Education policy states that it "will annually review the fund balance and strive to maintain an operating reserve of 20% of the anticipated General Fund expenditures budget for the subsequent year or a balance sufficient to avoid cash flow borrowing, whichever is greater." As of June 30, 2023, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$9.79M, or approximately 22% of the 2022-2023 budgeted General Fund expenditures. The District does not have to cash flow borrow at this level.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of two parts - management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements and supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.

District-wide Financial Statements

- The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> compares assets to liabilities to give an overall view of the financial health of the District. This statement includes fixed assets and long-term liabilities.
- The <u>Statement of Activities</u> defines the District's expenses by function and illustrates the total that is offset by corresponding revenues charges for services and/or operating grants and contributions. General revenues and extraordinary credits are identified. The result is total net expense offset by general and miscellaneous revenue recognizing the change in net position for the District from the previous year.

Fund Financial Statements

• The remaining statements: <u>Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds</u> and <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, <u>and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds</u> focus on individual parts of the District. Fund financial statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.

The <u>Notes to Financial Statements</u> provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements.

<u>Other Supplementary Information</u> provides information specific to nonmajor governmental funds and schedules of federal and state awards.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

The major features of the District's financial statements, including the scope of the activities reported and type of information contained, is shown in the following table. (Table #1)

Table #1

×		Fı	and Financial Statement	S
	District-wide Statements	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds).	The activity of the District that is not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instructional, support services, and community services.	Activities the District operates similar to private business. The District does not report any program for this designation.	Assets held by the District on behalf of someone else. The employee benefit trust fund is reported here.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position and statement of activities.	Balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.	Statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows.	Statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position.
Basis of accounting and measurement focus	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting. Current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. No capital assets or long- term liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term. These funds do not currently contain any capital assets, although they can.
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, and expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All additions or deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table #2

Condensed Statement of Net Position									
<u>2023</u> <u>2022</u>									
<u>Assets</u>									
Current Assets	\$113,528,900	\$22,381,067	407%						
Noncurrent Assets	\$2,312,061	\$13,255,726	-83%						
Capital Assets	\$47,584,567	\$48,253,869	-1%						
Total Assets	\$163,425,528	\$83,890,662	95%						
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$30,132,252	\$24,053,266	25%						
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Current Liabilities	\$18,842,925	\$10,269,123	83%						
Noncurrent Liabilities	\$101,638,591	\$21,768,903	367%						
Total Liabilities	\$120,481,516	\$32,038,026	276%						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$19,550,439	\$29,946,936	-35%						
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$(54,863,490)	\$26,442,791	-307%						
Restricted	\$96,137,025	\$4,620,418	1981%						
Unrestricted	\$12,252,290	\$14,895,757	-18%						
Total Net Position	\$53,525,825	\$45,958,966	16%						

Statement of Net Position: (Table #2)

The District's overall financial status, as reflected in total net position, increased by \$91.44M to \$106.49M. The District reported total assets of \$163.43M, of which \$47.58M are capital assets. The District reported total liabilities of \$120.48M, of which \$101.64M are long-term liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table #3

	Changes in Net Position from Operating Results For Governmental Activities								
		2022-23	<u>%</u>	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>%</u>	% <u>Change</u>			
Revenues	:								
Program:									
	Charges for Services	\$3,763,587	5%	\$3,626,441	5%	4%			
General:	Operating Grants	\$13,409,505	18%	\$11,990,997	17%	12%			
	Property Taxes	\$21,146,011	29%	\$18,725,006	27%	13%			
	General State Aids	\$34,813,685	47%	\$34,039,588	50%	2%			
	Other	\$884,306	1%	\$316,881	1%	179%			
Total Rev	renues	\$74,017,094	100%_	\$68,698,913	100%_	8%			
Expenses:	:								
	Instruction	\$30,318,563	46%	\$27,452,324	48%	10%			
	Support Services	\$22,366,491	33%	\$16,905,429	30%	32%			
	Nonprogram	\$6,480,468	10%	\$6,307,984	11%	3%			
	Food Service	\$2,319,579	3%	\$2,174,061	4%	7%			
	Community Service	\$1,222,420	2%	\$1,102,447	2%	11%			
	Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$1,926,597	3%	\$1,171,440	2%	64%			
	Unallocated Depreciation	\$1,816,117	3%	\$1,803,185	3%	1%			
Total Exp	enses	\$66,450,235	100%	\$56,916,870	100%	17%			
Change in	Net Position	\$7,566,859		\$11,782,043		-36%			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following are examples of the types of expenditures included in (Table #3):

- Instruction costs include expenses for all activities that are part of the District's program. This includes expenses for formally organized and/or separately budgeted instructional activities that are carried out during the academic year.
- Academic support costs include expenses incurred to provide support services for the District's
 primary missions: instruction and public service. This category also includes expenses for central,
 executive-level activities concerned with District management and long-range planning, fiscal
 operations, administrative data processing, employee personnel and records, storerooms, and
 printing, etc.
- Nonprogram expenditures in general are any expenditures that are for purposes other than the
 instructional activities the District is primarily created to conduct. These include overhead, utility
 costs, transportation, and contracted services.
- Food service expenditures include all those expenses related to the preparation and delivery of food to the District as well as supervision of the student body during lunch hours.
- Community service accounts for activities such as adult education, community recreation
 programs, non-special education preschool, day care services, and other programs which are not
 elementary and secondary education programs but have the primary function of serving the
 community. Examples of these types of expenses are salaries, benefits, travel, purchased services,
 etc.
- Interest and fiscal charges relate to all those costs incurred for banking and interest charges related to the District's long-term debt obligations.
- Unallocated depreciation expenditures are related to allocating the cost of a tangible asset over its useful life.

Revenues: (Table #3)

• For FY23, the District received \$74.0M in revenue. This is an increase of 8% or \$5.3M over the previous year. Property taxes increased from the prior year by \$2.4M to \$21.1M and general state aids increased by \$774,097 to \$34.8M. For FY23, 29% of total revenue came from local school property taxes, and 47% of the total came in the form of general state aids. The District received approximately 23% of all revenue in the form of specific use state aid, federal grants, contributions from individuals, and direct fees for services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues: (Table #3) - Continued

- Individuals who directly participated or received benefits from a program offering contributed \$3.8M of the cost, an increase of \$137,146 from the prior year. Book and activity fees, admissions to athletic events, school lunch fees, open enrollment tuition, and building rental fees are included here.
- Individuals and federal and state government subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$13.4M, which is an increase of \$1.4M from the prior year. Special education, transportation, breakfast, and lunch aids are included here.

Expenses: (Table #3)

• For FY23, the District's total expenditure amount was \$66.45M. This is an increase of \$9.53M from the prior year. For FY23, 46% was directed to instruction and 33% was directed to support services. Nonprogram expenditure amounts were 10% of the total. The food service and community service programs represented 5%, and costs for debt service represented 3% of total expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table #4

	Net Cost of Governmental Activities	
	Total Cost of Services 2023	Net Cost of Services 2023
Instruction	\$30,318,563	\$18,909,078
Support Services	\$22,366,491	\$19,229,400
Nonprogram	\$6,480,468	\$6,235,384
Food Service	\$2,319,579	(\$49,551)
Community Service	\$1,222,420	\$1,210,118
Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$1,926,597	\$1,926,597
Unallocated Depreciation	\$1,816,117	\$1,816,117
Totals	\$66,450,235	\$49,277,143

Net Cost of Governmental Activities: (Table #4)

- Total cost of all governmental activities was \$66.45M.
- Net cost of governmental activities, \$49.28M, was financed by general revenues, which are primarily made up of property taxes, \$21.1M, and general state aids, \$34.8M. Miscellaneous and investment earnings accounted for \$884,306. In addition, District operations were subsidized by \$17.2M, which was collected through direct fees and operating grants.

General Fund Budgetary Comparison:

- Consistent with current state statutes and regulations, an original budget is adopted in October to reflect the actual revenue cap and state aid certification. The District did not amend its originally adopted budget in 2022-23.
- Fund 10 budget was originally approved with a surplus of \$94,172. The actual results for the year showed a deficit of \$70,342.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fund Balances:

- The District shows a total for all fund balances of \$106,489,808 as of June 30, 2023.
- \$9,788,825 is in the General Fund (Fund 10). This represents 22% of expenditures. The majority of this fund balance is assigned for future contractual salary obligations.
- \$4,416,547 in the Debt Service Fund (Funds 38 & 39) is reserved to make future payments on long-term debt as required by law.
- \$88,158,708 in the Capital Projects Fund (Funds 49) is reserved to make future payments on the building project.
- Fund balances in the Food Service Fund and Community Service Fund will be used to fund continuing operations in those funds.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration:

Capital Assets

• At year-end, the District had \$47.6M in capital assets. Further detail can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

• At year-end, the District had \$112.1M in long-term obligations. Further detail can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Decisions That Will Impact the Future of the District:

State imposed revenue limits will continue to challenge the budgets of school districts throughout the state, especially those with steady or declining enrollments. The state made no change to the revenue limit instead opting to continue to fund categorical per pupil aid. This aid can be changed in any budget cycle with more ease than lowering the revenue limit. The change in per pupil amount does not have an impact on the overall district budget due to it being one-time money and could be removed at any time. As in past years, the revenue limit guidelines set forth by the state creates an even larger challenge for schools to balance the budget without impacting educational programs and local school tax levies. Current revenue limit laws allow school districts to make up any reduction in state aid by increasing local property taxes within the total allowed revenue limits. Any further reductions in state general aid could result in increased property taxes under current law. Property tax increases are unpopular with the community and, therefore, distasteful to legislators. Changes in the revenue limit law, possible tax levy limits/freezes, or other related proposals will continue to be reviewed, making future general fund revenues uncertain.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Decisions That Will Impact the Future of the District - Continued:

The District realized a decrease in total enrollment over the prior year with an enrollment head count total of 3,171 students' Pre-K through Grade 12. However, given the current enrollment trend and the characteristics of the revenue limit law, which has been in place since 1993, the District will again be required to plan for a significant projected shortfall even with the operation budget reductions planned for the subsequent budget. Budget planning utilizes the services of Prudent Man Analysis (PMA) to forecast budget projections for 2022-23 and beyond.

Impact of Projected Budget Reductions - The largest share of the District's expenditure budget (approximately 64% of total operating expenditures) is for salaries and benefits of staff that provide direct instruction and other support services. In order to balance the 2020-21 budget, the District switched health insurance providers. Although there were minimal increases from these changes, the District still faced numerous needs in other areas that ultimately could not be avoided and will impact the District's fund balance in future years.

Projected Cost of Health & Dental Insurance - Although the District has taken positive steps to contain the cost of health and dental insurance benefits changing from the point-of-service plan to an self-funded plan, while providing very reasonable benefits for its employees, the rate of increase in these benefits continues to exceed the rate of increase allowed for by the revenue limit guidelines. Therefore, benefits have the potential to increase the percentage share of total compensation for employees.

Contacting the District's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Brian Adesso, Director of Business Services, Menasha Joint School District, 100 Main Street STE 300, P.O. Box 340, Menasha, WI 54952.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 106,748,255
Taxes receivable, net	3,968,245
Accounts receivable	305,577
Due from other governments	2,480,068
Prepaid expense	26,755
Total current assets	113,528,900
Noncurrent assets:	
Lease receivable	1,291,295
Other post employment benefits	1,020,766
Total noncurrent assets	2,312,061
Capital assets:	
Land, buildings, and equipment	79,388,816
Less accumulated depreciation	31,804,249_
Net capital assets	47,584,567
Total assets	163,425,528
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to WRS pension	27,919,672
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,319,683
Deferred outflows related to OPEB - LRLIF	776,513
Deferred outflows related to supplemental pension	116,384
Total deferred outflows of resources	30,132,252

LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Current portion of long-term debt	10,415,000
Accounts payable	1,502,480
Accrued salaries and related items	5,536,612
Accrued interest payable	1,388,833
Total current liabilities	18,842,925
Long-term liabilities:	***************************************
Bonds and notes payable	87,410,000
Bond premium	4,623,057
Net pension liability - WRS	7,750,229
Net OPEB liability - LRLIF	1,667,961
Net pension liability - supplemental pension	187,344
Total long-term liabilities	101,638,591
Total liabilities	120,481,516
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to lease receivable	1,283,046
Deferred inflows related to WRS pension	16,225,193
Deferred inflows related to OPEB - LRLIF	1,147,791
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	677,174
Deferred inflows related to supplemental pension	217,235
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,550,439_
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	(54,863,490)
Restricted	96,137,025
Unrestricted	12,252,290
Total net position	\$ 53,525,825

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Program	Net (Expense)	
		D	Operating	Revenue and
		Charges for	Grants and	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Net Position
Instruction:	y			
Undifferentiated curriculum	\$ 6,997,235	\$ 1,458,280	\$ 1,293,453	\$ (4,245,502)
Regular curriculum	12,211,278	1,458,280	1,858,025	(8,894,973)
Special curriculum	8,525,618	320,721	5,009,911	(3,194,986)
Other instruction	2,584,432		10,815	(2,573,617)
Total instruction	30,318,563	3,237,281	8,172,204	(18,909,078)
Support services and nonprogram:				
Pupil services	4,282,528		1,400,606	(2,881,922)
Instructional staff services	3,139,057		1,102,893	(2,036,164)
General administration	675,040			(675,040)
School building administration	3,022,660		66,645	(2,956,015)
Business administration	9,511,429	6,674	282,615	(9,222,140)
Other support services	1,735,777	52,788	224,870	(1,458,119)
Nonprogram	6,480,468		245,084	(6,235,384)
Total support services				
and nonprogram	28,846,959	59,462	3,322,713	(25,464,784)
Food service	2,319,579	454,542	1,914,588	49,551
Community service	1,222,420	12,302		(1,210,118)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,926,597			(1,926,597)
Unallocated depreciation	1,816,117			(1,816,117)
Totals	\$ 66,450,235	\$ 3,763,587	\$ 13,409,505	(49,277,143)
			- 101100	(15,577,115)
	General reven			0.4.04.0.40.50.5
	General stat			34,813,685
	_ •	tes levied for:		
	General p	-		7,466,501
	Debt serv			12,579,510
		ity service		1,100,000
	Interest inco			692,727
	Lease reven	49,626		
	Miscellaneo	141,953		
	Total gen		56,844,002	
	Change in		7,566,859	
	Net position, b	eginning of year		45,958,966
	Net position, e	end of year		\$ 53,525,825

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

ASSETS		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	n.—	Capital Projects Fund	G —	Other overnmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$	8,051,410	\$	4,416,547	\$	89,152,040	\$	5,128,258	\$	106,748,255
Taxes receivable, net		3,968,245								3,968,245
Accounts receivable		305,577								305,577
Due from other funds		1,306,999								1,306,999
Due from other governmen	nts	2,463,059						17,009		2,480,068
Prepaid expense		26,755								26,755
· Total assets	\$	16,122,045	\$	4,416,547	\$	89,152,040	\$	5,145,267	\$	114,835,899
		4							=	
LIABILITIES AND FUND	BA	LANCES								
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	796,608	\$		\$	322,451	\$	383,421	\$	1,502,480
Accrued salaries and						ŕ		,	•	-,,
related items		5,536,612								5,536,612
Due to other funds						670,881		636,118		1,306,999
Total liabilities		6,333,220			- D	993,332		1,019,539		8,346,091
								, ,	_	0,0 10,00 1
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		26,755								26,755
Spendable:		•								20,755
Restricted			,	4,416,547		88,158,708		3,535,015		96,110,270
Assigned		9,762,070						590,713		10,352,783
Total fund balances	_	9,788,825	_	4,416,547		88,158,708		4,125,728		106,489,808
			_	<i>y y</i> - · · ·		-,,,,	_	.,,20,,20	_	100,100,000
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	16,122,045	\$ 4	4,416,547	\$	89,152,040	\$	5,145,267	\$	114,835,899
	_			<u> </u>					<u> </u>	,000,000

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 106,489,808
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		, ,
Noncurrent assets - lease receivable is not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		1,291,295
Noncurrent assets - other post employment benefit obligations are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		1,020,766
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The capital assets consisted of:		1,020,700
Land	1,859,197	
Land improvements, net of \$1,059,222 accumulated depreciation Buildings, net of \$25,429,682 accumulated depreciation	1,458,125	
Machinery and equipment, net of \$5,315,345 accumulated depreciation	40,919,543 3,347,702	
Total capital assets		47,584,567
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds balance sheet.		(1 200 022)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(1,388,833)
Deferred inflows of resources related to lease receivable, OPEB, and pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in		, ,
the funds.		(19,550,439)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest is not accrued in governmental funds but, rather, is recognized as expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Balances as of June 30, 2023, are:		
Bonds and notes payable, including current portion	(97,825,000)	
Bond premium Net pension liability - WRS	(4,623,057)	
Net OPEB liability - LRLIF	(7,750,229) (1,667,961)	
Net pension liability - supplemental pension	(187,344)	(112,053,591)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 53,525,825

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

D. T. C.		General Fund	_	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G —	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:			_							
Local sources	\$	8,509,227	\$	12,593,506	\$	185,723	\$	2,029,739	\$	23,318,195
Interdistrict sources		3,017,974								3,017,974
Intermediate sources		36,936								36,936
State sources		38,933,177						27,992		38,961,169
Federal sources		6,617,515						1,886,596		8,504,111
Other revenue		164,302	_		_					164,302
Total revenues	_	57,279,131	_	12,593,506	_	185,723	-	3,944,327	_	74,002,687
Expenditures:										
Instruction:		C 500 445								
Undifferentiated curriculum		6,799,447						22,207		6,821,654
Regular curriculum		11,585,995						297,637		11,883,632
Special curriculum		8,267,451								8,267,451
Other instruction	_	2,517,589						5,000		2,522,589
Total instruction	_	29,170,482	_					324,844	_	29,495,326
Support services and nonprogram	:									
Pupil services		4,163,155						244		4,163,399
Instructional staff services		3,100,988								3,100,988
General administration		647,344				12,207				659,551
School building administration		2,940,405								2,940,405
Business administration		6,297,806				2,014,808		1,152,122		9,464,736
Debt service				14,251,894						14,251,894
Other support services		2,735,505						811		2,736,316
Nonprogram		6,480,468	_							6,480,468
Total support services										
and nonprogram		26,365,671		14,251,894		2,027,015		1,153,177		43,797,757
Food service						***		2,362,165		2,362,165
Community service			_					1,210,499		1,210,499
Total expenditures		55,536,153		14,251,894		2,027,015	2	5,050,685		76,865,747
Excess of revenues over					27					
(under) expenditures	_	1,742,978		(1,658,388)		(1,841,292)	(_	1,106,358)	(2,863,060)
Other financing sources (uses):						110				
Operating transfers in				1,313,320				500,000		1,813,320
Bond premiums				4,303,367						4,303,367
Loan proceeds						90,000,000				90,000,000
Operating transfers (out)	_	(1,813,320)	_						(1,813,320)
Net other financing										
sources (uses)	-	(1,813,320)	-	5,616,687	-	90,000,000		500,000	_	94,303,367
Net change in fund balances	1	(70,342)		3,958,299		88,158,708	(606,358)		91,440,307
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	9,859,167	_	458,248				4,732,086		15,049,501
Fund balances, end of year	\$	9,788,825	<u>\$</u>	4,416,547	\$	88,158,708	\$	4,125,728	\$	106,489,808

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances-governmental funds	\$	01 440 207
	Ф	91,440,307
The change in net position reported for governmental activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the current period.	(669,302)
Governmental funds report lease revenue as other revenues. In the statement of activities, lease revenue and related interest income are reported on the statement of activities. This is the difference between what was reported on the statement of activities and what was reported in the governmental funds.	(67,408)
Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the	`	-1,122)
statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. This is the amount by which pension expense exceeds the amount contributed based on WRS calculations.	(2,243,582)
Governmental funds report District other post employment benefit contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of other post employment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as an expense. This is the amount by		
which other post employment benefit expense exceeds the amount contributed based on LRLIF calculations.	(190,850)
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the district-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, accrued interest is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(1,259,276)
Other post employment benefits are reported in the governmental funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned throughout the year. Other	·	. , ,
post employment benefits earned are less than the amounts paid.		1,193,363
Governmental funds report the actual supplemental pension payments made. The district-wide statement of activities includes supplemental pension payments on an accrual basis. This is the		
amount by which the accrual basis is less than the actual payments in the current year.		586
Bond premiums are reported in the governmental funds as a revenue in the statement of activities, these transactions are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds.	(4,029,061)
Loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and, thus, contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement		
of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceed repayments.	,(76,607,918)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	7,566,859

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Employee Benefit Trust Fund
Cash and investments	\$ 7,401,769
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	298,883
NET POSITION Restricted for OPEB Total net position	7,102,886 \$ 7,102,886

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

ADDITIONS	Employee Benefit Trust Fund
Member contributions - OPEB Investment income Total additions	\$ 99,296 511,267 610,563
DEDUCTIONS Employee benefit payments - OPEB	332,315
Change in net position	278,248
Net position, beginning of year	6,824,638
Net position, end of year	\$ 7,102,886

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of Menasha Joint School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Menasha Joint School District is a common school district. The District, governed by a seven member elected school board, operates grades K through 12 and is comprised of all or parts of three taxing districts. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement since it has decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and it is primarily accountable for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units, as defined in GASB Statement 61 that are included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, as prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction for elementary and secondary school districts, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The District operates the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - the general fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Debt Service Fund - the debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities (other than those financed by trust funds).

The District operates the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District uses special revenue funds to account for its special revenue trust, food service, and community service funds.

Long-term Capital Improvement Fund - the long-term capital improvement fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities. The District may not expend money deposited into the trust fund for a period of five years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

Fiduciary Funds - fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. This includes employee benefit trust funds. Employee benefit trust funds are set up to put aside monies for future post retirement benefits. These trust funds are irrevocable and can only be dissolved after all the trust assets have been used for their intended purpose. The trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

C. Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the District. The District did not have any business-type activities in place at June 30, 2023.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation between the district-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between the direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes and revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Their focus is on major funds rather than reported funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a single column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the District is sixty days after year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes, investment earnings, tuition, grants, and student fees.

Expenditures

Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Accounting

Operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all governmental funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The legally adopted budget and budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the object level in the general fund and at the total expenditures level for all other funds. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education (Board) resolution.

F. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All funds share common (pooled) checking and investment accounts, unless regulations require separate investment accounts.

All investments are stated at fair value. Determination of fair value for investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool is based on information provided by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. Determination of fair value for investment held for the employment benefit trust fund is based on information provided by BMO Financial Group.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

G. Property Taxes

The aggregate District tax levy is apportioned and certified by November 6 of the current fiscal year for collection to comprising municipalities based on the immediate past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes may be paid in full or two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31, and the final payment no later than the following July 31. On or before January 15, and by the 20th of each subsequent month thereafter, the District is paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. On or before August 20, the County Treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance. The County assumes all responsibility for delinquent real property taxes.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period that the taxes are levied as if they are due in the current year and available to pay current liabilities. The 2022 tax levy is used to finance operations of the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. All property taxes are considered due on January 1, 2023, when an enforceable lien is assessed against the property and the taxpayer is liable for the taxes. All taxes are collected within 60 days of June 30 and are available to pay current liabilities.

H. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of taxes, accounts, interest, and governmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of federal and state programs.

I. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay, and Other Employee Benefit Amounts

The District's policy allows employees to earn varying amounts of sick pay for each year employed, accumulating to a maximum vested amount of 144 days. The District's policy does not allow accumulated employee vacation to vest. Upon retirement, employees are entitled to continue receiving District funded health and, for teachers, dental insurance. Custodial, maintenance, food service and secretarial employees receive one month of health insurance for every six days of unused sick leave. Teachers receive health and dental insurance until age 65 or until they become eligible for Medicare, whichever comes first. Termination of employment other than retirement results in the loss of accumulated sick leave benefits.

Benefits that require payment in future fiscal years though related to currently received services are recorded as expenditure in the period or periods in which they are paid or are normally payable rather than the period in which they are incurred. The value of vested benefits payable in future fiscal periods are recorded in the district-wide statements.

K. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the district-wide statement of net position but not in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirement during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair value as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 and a useful life of less than five years, unless their exclusion as a group would make the financial statements materially misleading. The District does not possess any infrastructure. All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital asset. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land	Not depreciated
Buildings	20-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years

L. Interfund Activity

Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt are reported in the district-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, accrued liabilities are generally reported as a governmental fund liability if due for payment as of the balance sheet date regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current financial resources. However, claims and judgements and compensated absences paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources. Long-term debt paid from governmental funds is not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

N. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has items in this category relating to its share of the WRS pension plan, supplemental pension plan, OPEB plan, and LRLIF OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has items in this category relating to its share of the WRS pension plan, supplemental pension plan, OPEB plan, and LRLIF OPEB plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the District is the lessor. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding leases receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the tease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

O. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and the District's supplemental pension plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions
- Pension Expense (Revenue)

Information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from pension plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to the District. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Other Post Employment Benefits Plan

For purposes of measuring the net other post employment benefits (OPEB) liability and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan and additions to/ deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to the District. For this purpose, the District recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Q. Other Post Employment Benefits Plan - LRLIF

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net OPEB liability
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB
- OPEB Expense (Revenue)

Information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position that have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for the classifications of fund balances on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance - this classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - these amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Board of Education - the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District did not have any committed fund balance at June 30, 2023.

Assigned fund balance - this classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board and the Director of Business Services have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts in governmental funds that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance - this fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds. The District did not have any unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2023.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed.

The Board has set a general fund minimum fund balance target of at least 20% of expenditures and recurring transfers of both the general and special education funds or a balance sufficient to avoid cash flow borrowing, whichever is greater. The special education fund does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund as defined in GASB pronouncements and the activity in this fund is consolidated with the general fund in the fund financial statements.

District-wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.

Restricted - Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Cash and Investments:

The debt service fund and capital projects fund account for their transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by state statutes. In addition, the trust funds use separate and distinct accounts. All other funds share in common bank and investment accounts.

The District is required to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 66.0603 (1M). The Board has adopted an investment policy pursuant to these statutes that allows the District to invest in the following:

Time deposits

Securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government

Securities of Wisconsin Municipal Units

Securities of Wisconsin Educational and Local Government Investment Pool

Bonds issued by a local exposition district

Bonds issued by a local professional baseball park district

Bonds issued by a local professional stadium district

Bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority

Bonds issued by a local cultural arts district

Bonds issued by the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority

Securities which mature or may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than 7 years of the date on which it is acquired and received the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investors Service, or other similar nationally recognized rating agency

Securities of an open-ended management investment company or investment trust, if the investment company does not charge a sales load, is registered under the investment company act of 1940, and the portfolio is limited to bonds and securities issued by the federal government, bonds that are guaranteed by the federal government, or repurchase securities that are fully collateralized by bonds or securities

Under the 2005 Wisconsin Act 99, school districts are allowed to invest funds held in trust to provide for post employment health care benefits and other post employment benefits provided separately from a defined benefit pension plan in the same manner as authorized for investments under Wisconsin Statute 881.01 "Uniform Prudent Investor Act".

Under Wisconsin Statute 881.01, a trustee who invests and manages assets of the trust must comply with the prudent investor rule set forth in the statute. This rule requires the trustee of an employee benefit trust fund to exercise reasonable care, skill and caution when investing and managing the assets of the trust.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

The carrying amount of the District's cash and investments totaled \$114,150,024 on June 30, 2023, as summarized below:

Petty cash funds	\$	525
Deposits with financial institutions		1,114,926
Investments:		
Wisconsin investment series cooperative		107,312,254
BMO Financial Group		5,719,859
Local Government Investment Pool		2,460
Total	\$	114,150,024
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:		
Statement of net position	\$	106,748,255
Fiduciary funds:	•	,,
Employee benefit trust		7,401,769
Total	\$	114,150,024

Deposits and investments of the District are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of specific risks and the District's policy related to each risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Deposits in banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 per official custodian for demand deposits and an additional \$250,000 for time and savings deposits. In addition, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund that provides a maximum of \$400,000 per entity above the amount provided by the FDIC. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) does not have a credit quality rating and is also not subject to credit risk disclosure because investments are not issued in securities form. It is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually and carries investments at amortized cost for purposes of calculating income to participants. At June 30, 2023 the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

In accordance with certain contractual provisions, investment income associated with LGIP is assigned to the corresponding fund in which the assets are held. Participants in LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total of one day's notice. The LGIP does not include any involuntary participants.

A separate financial report for SIF is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Copies of the report can be obtained from http://www.doa.state.wi.us/Divisions/Budget-and-Finance/LGIP.

As of June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's bank deposits was \$1,114,926 and the bank balance was \$1,194,316. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining \$944,316 was collateralized by US Bank, thru Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati.

The District's investments for the employee benefit trust are held in an irrevocable trust and are registered in the name of the corporate trustee for the benefit of the District. The District's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk because the assets are held in the irrevocable trust and cannot be assigned to the obligations of the custodian in the case of the custodian becoming insolvent.

The investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is insured against defaults in principal payments by Financial Security Assurance Incorporated.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

The District does not have a formal policy to address credit risk, but the risk is mitigated by the fact that the District is not invested in any individual securities and is invested in index funds, which allow for a more diversified portfolio. Following is the distribution of the District's investments by each investment type:

Investment Type	Cost	Fair Value
WISC:		value
Investment Management Series	\$ 13,122,595	\$ 13,122,595
Cash Management Series	8,118,795	8,118,795
Certificate of deposit	46,546,542	46,546,542
Savings Deposit Account	1,664,950	1,664,950
Securities	37,859,372	37,859,372
Local Government Investment Pool	2,460	2,460
BMO Financial Group:	·	,
Money market funds	65,674	65,674
Bond mutual funds	3,043,645	2,553,298
Equity mutual funds	2,881,401	3,100,887
Totals	<u>\$ 113,305,434</u>	\$ 113,034,573

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

Presented below is the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

		R	anges						
		f	rom					1	Vot
Investment Type	Amount	AA	A - B		AAA		Aa	R	ated
WISC:								19	
Cash Management									
Series	\$ 8,118,795	\$		\$	8,118,795	\$		\$	
Investment					, ,			•	
Management Series	13,122,595				13,122,595				
Certificate of deposit	46,546,542							46.5	46,542
Savings deposit									,
account	1,664,950							1.6	64,950
Securities	37,859,372							•	59,372
Local Government								.,.	,-
Investment Pool	2,460								2,460
BMO Financial Group:									_,
Money market funds	65,674								65,674
Bond mutual funds	2,553,298	2,5	53,298						
Equity mutual funds	3,100,887				g			3.1	00,887
Totals	\$113,034,573	\$ 2,5	53,298	\$	21,241,390	\$			39,885
				-		-		-	

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)				
		12 Months	13 to 24 25 to 60		More than	
Investment Type	Amount	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months	
WISC:						
Cash Management						
Series	\$ 8,118,795	\$ 8,118,795	\$	\$	\$	
Investment					•	
Management Series	13,122,595	13,122,595				
Certificate of deposit	46,546,542	4,946,542	41,600,000			
Savings deposit						
account	1,664,950	1,664,950				
Securities	37,859,372	22,009,747	15,849,625			
Local Government						
Investment Pool	2,460	2,460				
BMO Financial Group:						
Money market funds	65,674	65,674				
Bond mutual funds	2,553,298	2,553,298				
Equity mutual funds	3,100,887	3,100,887				
Totals	\$113,034,573	\$ 55,584,948	\$ 57,449,625	\$	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

Investment in Wisconsin Series Cooperation

The District has investments in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative (WISC) of \$107,312,254 at year-end consisting of \$1,664,950 invested in savings accounts, \$46,546,542 invested in certificates of deposit, \$8,118,795 invested in the Cash Management Series, \$13,122,595 invested in the Investment Management Series, and \$37,859,372 invested in securities.

WISC is organized by and operated exclusively for Wisconsin public schools, technical colleges, and municipal entities. WISC is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under Wisconsin International Cooperate Statute, Wisconsin Statute, Section 66.031. WISC is governed by the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative Commission in accordance with the terms of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Agreement. WISC invests District funds in accordance with Wisconsin law. WISC investments are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value.

Note 3. Changes in Capital Assets:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Land	\$ 1,859,197	\$	\$	\$ 1,859,197
Land improvements	2,517,347			2,517,347
Buildings	66,349,225			66,349,225
Machinery and				, ,
equipment	7,516,232	1,146,815		8,663,047
Totals	78,242,001	1,146,815		79,388,816
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	970,018	89,204		1,059,222
Buildings	24,115,881	1,313,801		25,429,682
Machinery and				, ,,,,,
equipment	4,902,233	413,112		5,315,345
Totals	29,988,132_	1,816,117		31,804,249
Net totals	\$ 48,253,869	\$ (669,302)	\$	\$ 47,584,567

All depreciation expense was charged to unallocated depreciation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 4. Interfund Transactions:

Interfund balances on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Fund	Due From		Due To	
General fund	\$		\$	1,306,999
Community Service fund		5,806	-	
Capital Projects fund		670,881		
Long-term Capital Improvement fund		630,312		
Totals		,306,999	_\$	1,306,999

The interfund balance between the general fund and long-term capital improvement fund exists for the transfer of funds into the long-term capital improvement fund.

The interfund balance between the general fund and community service and capital projects funds exists for the transfer of funds to cover expenses in each fund.

Interfund transfers on the fund financial statements at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Transfer from the general fund to the debt service fund	\$ 1,313,320
Transfer from the general fund to the long-term capital improvement fund	 500,000
Total	\$ 1,813,320

The interfund transfer between the general fund and the debt service fund was for debt costs. The interfund transfer between the general fund and the long-term capital improvement fund was to transfer funds into the long-term capital improvement fund.

Note 5. Long-term Obligations:

Long-term obligations of the District are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Current
Туре	Balance	_Additions_	Reductions	Balance	Portion
Direct borrowings and placements:					
State trust fund loans	\$ 1,732,082	\$	\$ 1,732,082	\$	\$
General obligation debt	19,485,000	90,000,000	11,660,000	97,825,000	10,415,000
Bond premium	593,996	4,303,367	274,306	4,623,057	
Net OPEB liability - LRLIF	2 520 920		952.950	. ,	
	2,520,820		852,859	1,667,961	
Net OPEB liability		7,750,229		7,750,229	
Net pension liability - supplemental	,				
pension	245,005		57,661	187,344	
Totals	\$ 24,576,903	\$ 102,053,596	\$ 14,576,908	\$112,053,591	\$ 10,415,000

Total interest paid for the year ended June 30, 2023, was \$859,812 on long-term debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 5. Long-term Obligations - Continued:

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. General obligation debt at June 30, 2023, is comprised of the following issues:

Description	IssueDate	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Balances
General obligation bonds	9/3/13	2.0-5.0%	3/1/33	\$ 2,480,000
General obligation				
bonds	2/13/23	4.0-5.0%	3/1/42	90,000,000
General obligation				,,
bonds	11/25/14	2.0-3.0%	3/1/29	3,345,000
Taxable general obligation bond -				
QZAB	3/17/14	0.0%	3/1/24	2,000,000
Total general obligation	n debt			\$ 97,825,000

The Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) provides for a 100% federal subsidy on the total interest requirements. Since the District is not required to pay any interest during the term of the loan, the interest requirements for this bond are not shown in the accompanying schedule of maturities.

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of general obligation debt principal and interest on June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year ending						
June 30,	-	Principal	-	Interest	_	Totals
2024	\$	10,415,000	\$	4,276,588	\$	14,691,588
2025		3,550,000		3,754,500		7,304,500
2026		3,830,000		3,600,250		7,430,250
2027		3,980,000		3,447,900		7,427,900
2028		4,140,000		3,294,350		7,434,350
2029-2033		21,025,000		13,806,900		34,831,900
2034-2038		25,955,000		8,337,400		34,292,400
2039-2042		24,930,000		2,542,600		27,472,600
Totals	\$	97,825,000	\$	43,060,488	\$	140,885,488

The 2022 equalized valuation of the District as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$1,794,530,811. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(b) of the Wisconsin Statutes is as follows:

Debt limit (10% of \$1,794,530,811) Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	\$	179,453,081 97,825,000
Margin of indebtedness	\$_	81,628,081

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 6. Fund Balance Reporting:

The following table discloses details of the amounts reported in the various fund balance categories as of June 30, 2023:

Description	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expense	\$ 26,755	\$	\$	\$	\$ 26,755
Restricted: Debt service fund Food service fund		4,416,547 	- 	1,226,631	4,416,547 1,226,631
Capital projects fund Long-term capital improvement fund			88,158,708	2,308,384	88,158,708 2,308,384
Assigned: Employee contracts for salaries	9,762,070				9,762,070
Special revenue trust fund Community service				444,344	444,344
fund				146,369	146,369
Total fund balances	\$ 9,788,825	\$4,416,547	\$ 88,158,708	\$ 4,125,728	\$106,489,808

Note 7. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget:

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended June 30, 2023:

General t	fund:
-----------	-------

Undifferentiated curriculum	\$ 549,776
Other instruction	108,272
Pupil services	27,421
Instructional staff services	129,173
General administration	104,423
School building administration	105,839
Special education fund:	
Pupil services	63,450
Business administration	93,712
Other support services	788

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 8. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan:

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 8. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment (%)	Variable Fund Adjustment (%)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21
2021	5.1	13
2022	7.4	15

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,708,189 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers,		
executives & elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with Social Security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without Social Security	6.50%	16.40%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 8. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability (asset) of \$7,750,229 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.14629413%, which was a decrease of 0.00093628% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$3,943,915.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$ 12,343,713	\$ 16,216,869
Changes in assumptions	1,524,015	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	13,165,851	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	26,669	9 224
Employer contributions subsequent to the	20,009	8,324
measurement date	859,424	
Totals	\$ 27,919,672	\$ 16,225,193

\$859,424 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 14,960,894 13,121,780 10,549,255 8,249,486	\$	14,509,692 10,877,445 8,245,121 2,414,102		
Thereafter					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 8. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2021
Measurement date of net pension liability (asset)	December 31, 2022
Experience study	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020
	Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Long-term expected rate of return	6.8%
Discount rate	6.8%
Salary increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-retirement adjustments*	1.7%

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2022 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 8. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2022

	Asset	Long-Term Expected Nominal	Long-Term Expected Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Public Equity	48	7.6	5.0
Public Fixed income	25	5.3	2.7
Inflation sensitive assets	19	3.6	1.1
Real estate	8	5.2	2.6
Private equity/debt	15	9.6	6.9
Total Core Fund	115	7.4	4.8
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70	7.2	4.6
International equities	30	8.1	5.5
Total Variable Fund	100	7.7	5.1

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 8. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.8%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

	1% Decr Discoun (5.89	t Rate Discount Rate	1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.8%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,72	22,759 \$7,750,229	\$ (4,613,329)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements

Payable to WRS Pension Plan

The District reported a payable of \$332,294 for the outstanding amount of contributions in the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 9. General Information About the OPEB Plan:

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District's post employment medical plan is a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The plan provides health and dental benefits provided by the District as well as implicit rate subsidy relative to continued coverage on the District's health plan. Certain active and retired employees are eligible for the OPEB benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is with the Board of Education. There is no financial report issued by the plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefit payments	19
Inactive plan members entitled to but not receiving	
benefits	1
Active plan members	364
Total	384

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 9. General Information About the OPEB Plan - Continued:

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the District are established and may be amended by the Board. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District's average contribution rate was 6.17% of covered-employee payroll. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 %
Salary increases	3.0 %
Investment rate of return	4.5 %, net of OPEB plan investment expenses
Healthcare cost trend rates	Medical: Initial rate of 7.0%, decreasing to 6.5%, then decreasing by 0.1% per year down to
	4.5%, and level thereafter

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 WRS Experience Tables for active employees and healthy retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on an experience study conducted in 2021 using Wisconsin Retirement System experience from 2018-20.

Investment Policy

Funds for the OPEB plan, "Employee Benefit Trust", adheres to Wisconsin Statute 881.01 "Uniform Prudent Investor Act" which requires reasonable care, skill, and caution in the investment and managing of trust assets. The Employee Benefit Trust is managed by BMO Financial Group.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 9. General Information About the OPEB Plan - Continued: Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		tal OPEB		riduciary et Position	L	et OPEB
	-	(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances at 6/30/2021	\$	5,830,301	_\$	5,998,534	\$ (168,233)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		166,414				166,414
Interest		258,540				258,540
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	(298,879)			(298,879)
Changes of assumptions	(244,624)			(244,624)
Contributions - employer				1,500,000	(1,500,000)
Net investment income			(766,016)		766,016
Benefit payments	(_	336,357)	(_	336,357)		
Net changes	(_	454,906)		397,627	(852,533)
Balances at 6/30/2022	_\$	5,375,395	_\$	6,396,161	\$ (1,020,766)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1%-point lower (3.5%) or 1%-point higher (5.5%) than the discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(3.5%)	(4.5%)	(5.5%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ (764,820)	\$ (1,020,766)	\$ (1,270,237)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 9. General Information About the OPEB Plan - Continued:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1%-point lower or 1%-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare		
	1% Decrease Cost Trend Rates 1% Incre			
	(6.0% Decreasing	(7.0% Decreasing	(8.0% Decreasing	
	to 3.5%)	to 4.5%)	to 5.5%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$ (1,165,988)	\$ (1,020,766)	\$ (861,661)	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$306,637. At June 30, 2023 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	609,887	\$	339,351	
Changes and assumptions	Ψ	83,765	Ψ	337,823	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		626,031			
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-				
Totals	\$	1,319,683	\$	677,174	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,		
2023	\$	175,960
2024		183,542
2025		184,040
2026		255,741
2027		43,313
Thereafter		(200,087)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the Supplemental Pension Plan:

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District provides a supplemental pension benefit to eligible retirees in the form of a cash stipend. The supplemental pension plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. The benefits paid to eligible retirees are accounted for under GASB Statement No. 68. The plan is administered by the District and does not issue a stand-alone report.

The supplemental pension benefits are calculated as follows:

Eligible teachers, maintenance staff or secretaries will receive a one-time contribution into a Medical Trust or a 401(a) based upon a flat dollar amount per year of service in the District upon retirement. Additionally, on behalf of any eligible active employee that does meet the required years of service as of August 31, 2013, and is currently not participating in the group medical plan, the District offers a cash payment in lieu of their participation in the retirement benefit. The total amount of this cash stipend in lieu of the retirement benefit will be paid out in two equal annual payments.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms as of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	
Active employees	50
Total employees	51

Contributions

The District is required to provide contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.0 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	4.5 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 WRS experience tables for active employees and healthy retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on an experience study conducted in 2021 using Wisconsin Retirement System experience from 2018-20.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the Supplemental Pension Plan - Continued:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was calculated by the actuary.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		tal Pension Liability		Fiduciary Position	Ne	t Pension Liability
		(a)	110	(b)	((a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/21	\$	745,005	\$	500,000	\$	245,005
Changes for the year:	8					
Service cost		53,517				53,517
Interest		16,690				16,690
Differences between actual and						
actual experience	(61,577)			(61,577)
Changes of assumptions	(77,814)			(77,814)
Contributions - employer				60,000	(60,000)
Net investment income			(71,523)		71,523
Benefits payments	(60,000)	(60,000)		
Administrative expense						
Net changes		129,184)	(71,523)		(57,661)
Balances at 6/30/22		615,821	\$	428,477	\$	187,344

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 4.5%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.5%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	I	Decrease (3.5%)	Dis	scount Rate (4.5%)	Increase (5.5%)
District's net pension liability	\$	225,501	\$	187,344	\$ 150,011

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 10. General Information About the Supplemental Pension Plan - Continued:

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$59,414. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Resources	 Resources
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 	\$ 133,838
Net difference between projected and actual		
Earnings on pension plan investments	69,593	
Changes of assumption	46,791	83,397
District contributions subject to the measurement		
date	 	
Totals	\$ 116,384	\$ 217,235

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending		
June 30,		
2023	\$	457
2024		457
2025		457
2026	(670)
2027	(17,223)
Thereafter	(84,329)

Note 11. General Information About the OPEB - LRLIF Plan:

Plan Description

The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 11. General Information About the OPEB - LRLIF Plan - Continued:

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% post retirement coverage	40% of employee contribution
25% post retirement coverage	20% of employee contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates For the year ended December 31, 2022

Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05
30-34	0.06	0.06
35-39	0.07	0.07
40-44	0.08	0.08
45-49	0.12	0.12
50-54	0.22	0.22
55-59	0.39	0.39
60-64	0.49	0.49
65-69	0.57	0.57

^{*}Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$8,784 in contributions from the employer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 11. General Information About the OPEB - LRLIF Plan - Continued:

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability (asset) of \$1,667,961 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.43780500%, which was an increase of 0.01129700% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$199,719.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 163,237
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	31,299	
Changes in assumptions	599,262	984,554
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	141,466	,
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,486	
Totals	\$ 776,513	\$ 1,147,791

\$4,486 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 11. General Information About the OPEB - LRLIF Plan - Continued:

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
2023	\$	230,521	\$	231,726
2024		214,996	•	230,391
2025		195,166		189,292
2026	9	99,481		176,954
2027		24,837		168,795
2028		7,026		150,633
2029				

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2022
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2022
Experience Study	January 1, 2018-December 31, 2020
	published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield	3.72%
Long-Term Expected Rated of Return	4.25%
Discount Rate	3.76%
Salary Increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2022 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 11. General Information About the OPEB - LRLIF Plan - Continued:

Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

State OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2022

			Expected Geometric Real
A	- 4	_	Rate
Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	of Return %
US Intermediate Credit	Bloomberg US		
Bonds	Interm Credit	50%	2.45%
US Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50%	2.83%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-Term Expected Rate	of Return		4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 2.30%.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.76% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.17% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the increase in the municipal bond rate from 2.06% as of December 31, 2021 to 3.72% as of December 31, 2022. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total OPEB liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to the benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Long-Term

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 11. General Information About the OPEB - LRLIF Plan - Continued:

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 3.76%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.76%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.76%) than the current rate:

		Decrease to iscount Rate (2.76%)	D :	Current iscount Rate (3.76%)		% Increase to iscount Rate (4.76%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	_\$_	2,274,089	\$	1,667,961	\$_	1,203,435

Note 12. Self-funded Insurance Program:

On July 1, 2021, the District established a self-funded health (medical/drug) benefit plan for its employees. Also, according to the District, they have established and maintained a self-funded dental benefit plan for decades for its employees. The plan administrators Prairie State Enterprises for health and Delta Dental of Wisconsin for dental, are responsible for the approval, processing, and payment of claims, after which they bill the District for reimbursement. The District is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The plan reports on a fiscal year ending June 30.

In addition, along with establishing the self-funded health plan, the District implemented an employee near-site health clinic named the Bluejay Health Clinic. The clinic provides limited medical and drug benefit treatment and services an no cost to employees. Claims incurred at the Bluejay Health Clinic are reported separately from other in-network and out-of-network expenses. The District also pays for compensation and benefits for medical staff, supplies, and operation costs. All such District-related costs are included in the self-insured health plan costs.

Accounting and budgeting requirements for the plan are established by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. Currently, the plan is accounted for in the general fund of the District.

As part of the health care coverage of the plan, the District purchases stop-loss coverage, which pays claims in excess of \$150,000 per individual and 125% of the annual estimated claims as provided by Gerber Life Insurance Company. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the aggregate claim limit was \$5,952,071. The District has no stop-loss coverage for dental care coverage of the plan.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,254,485, which represents reported and unreported medical and drug claims which were incurred on or before June 30, 2023, but were not paid by the District as of that date. The liability is calculated based upon claims reported to the District, an estimate of the District's administration costs including costs for the Bluejay Health Clinic, an estimate of claims and expenses not yet reported based upon an actuarial assessment of the District's prior claim lag history, and other data as provided by the District and the District's plan administrator.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 12. Self-funded Insurance Program - Continued:

Changes in the claims liability are as follows for the years ended June 30:

Self-Insured Health

	-	2023	2022		
Estimated claims outstanding July 1	\$	806,647	\$		
Current year claims and changes in estimates		7,973,188		5,251,500	
Claim payments		7,525,350		4,444,853	
Estimated claims outstanding June 30	\$	1,254,485	\$	806,647	

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a dental liability of \$25,507, which represents reported and unreported dental claims which were incurred on or before June 30, 2023, but were not paid by the District as of that date. The liability is calculated based upon claims reported to the District, an estimate of the District's administration costs, claims, and expenses not yet reported based upon an actuarial assessment of the District's prior claim lag history, and other data as provided by the District and the District's plan administrator.

Changes in the claims liability are as follows for the years ended June 30:

Self-Insured Dental

ii ii	 2023	2022		
Estimated claims outstanding July 1	\$ 24,177	\$	21,831	
Current year claims and changes in estimates	369,544		369,485	
Claim payments	 368,214		367,139	
Estimated claims outstanding June 30	\$ 25,507	\$	24,177	

On September 25, 2023, the District received an actuarial certification from Richard Yurkowitz at Key Benefit Concepts, LLC, an independent actuary who is a member of Society of Actuaries (SOA) and the American Academy of Actuaries (AAA), which attested to the adequacy of the reserves, rates, and the overall financial soundness of the plan.

Note 13. Limitation on School District Revenues:

Wisconsin Statutes limit the amount of revenues that school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum. This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993

Note 14. Contingent Liabilities:

Risk management - the District is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance coverage for most of these risks. There were no significant reductions in purchased coverage for the year ended June 30, 2023. No settlements exceeded insured amounts in the last three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note 14. Contingent Liabilities - Continued:

Litigation - from time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and counsel that the likelihood is remote, due in part to insurance coverage, that any other such claims or proceedings will have a material effect on the District's financial position.

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 15. Fair Value Measurement:

The District's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered active
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources

The categorization of investments with the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The fair values of the District's investments were classified as follows:

		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Totals	
Money market funds	\$	65,674	\$		\$		\$	65,674
Bond mutual funds	2	2,553,298					2	2,553,298
Equity mutual funds	3	3,100,887					3	3,100,887
WISC			107,3	312,254			107	7,312,254
Local Government								
Investment Pool	_		-	2,460	-			2,460
Totals	\$ 5	5,719,859	\$107,3	314,714	\$		\$113	,034,573

Investments classified in the Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices provided by BMO Financial Group for the District's employee benefit trust.

Investments classified in the Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy represents the District's share of the Local Government Investment Pool as provided by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board and the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

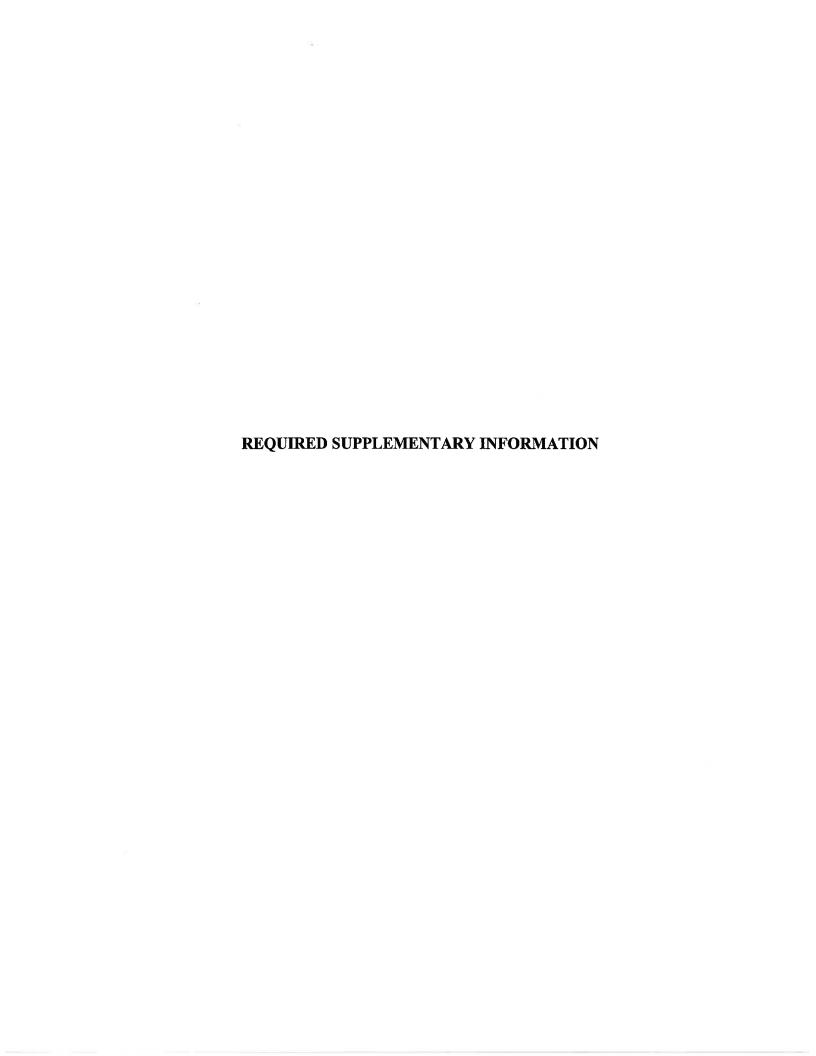
Note 16. Leases:

The District, as a lessor, has entered into a lease agreement involving building space. The building is leased to the City of Menasha. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue, interest revenue, and other lease-related inflows, recognized during the fiscal year was \$87,579.

Beginning in January 2023, the monthly lease payment has increased by an amount equal to the current base rent multiplied by the Consumer Price Index, Urban Midwest as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics as stated in the lease agreement. Because of this increase the Lease receivable increased by \$106,062 and the deferred inflows related to lease receivable increased by \$187,513.

Note 17. Subsequent Events:

The District has evaluated all subsequent events through January 3, 2024, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Other Post Employment Benefits Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB liability:		. 	·
Service cost	\$ 166,414	\$ 159,248	\$ 203,287
Interest	258,540	259,350	279,397
Changes in benefit terms			
Changes of assumptions or other input	(244,624)		(93,011)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(298,879)		(158,728)
Benefit payments	(336,357)	(544,021)	(764,787)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(454,906)	(125,423)	(533,842)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	5,830,301	5,955,724	6,489,566
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 5,375,395	\$ 5,830,301	\$ 5,955,724
Plan fiduciary net position:			
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 3,103,793	\$ 1,085,260
Net investment income	(766,016)	546,260	120,038
Benefit payments	(336,357)	(544,021)	(764,787)
Administrative expense			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	397,627	3,106,032	440,511
Total fiduciary net position - beginning	5,998,534	2,892,502	2,451,991
Total fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 6,396,161	\$ 5,998,534	\$ 2,892,502
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$ (1,020,766)	\$(168,233)	\$ 3,063,222
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage			
of the total OPEB liability	118.99%	102.89%	48.57%
The District's covered employee payroll	\$ 24,321,293	\$ 20,805,951	\$ 20,275,984
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-4.20%	-0.81%	15.11%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

2017 is the first year that this information has been made available due to implementation of GASB 74 and 75.

2020	2019	2018	2017
\$ 194,533 291,165	\$ 169,343 301,401	\$ 160,515 322,556	\$ 160,515 354,011
	153,570		
	1,118,127		
(738,381)	(791,083)	(953,144)	(1,219,751)
(252,683)	951,358	(470,073)	(705,225)
6,742,249	5,790,891	6,260,964	6,966,189
\$ 6,489,566	\$ 6,742,249	\$ 5,790,891	\$ 6,260,964
			•
\$ 752,030	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 902,258	\$ 1,924,671
141,558	98,413	120,193	11,650
(738,381)	(791,083)	(953,144)	(1,219,751)
			(5,312)
155,207	582,330	69,307	711,258
2,296,784	1,714,454	1,645,147	933,889
\$ 2,451,991	\$ 2,296,784	\$ 1,714,454	\$ 1,645,147
\$ 4,037,575	\$ 4,445,465	\$ 4,076,437	\$ 4,615,817
37.78%	34.07%	29.61%	26.28%
\$ 20,275,984	\$ 20,275,984	\$ 6,101,467	\$ 6,101,467
19.91%	21.92%	66.81%	75.65%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Other Post Employment Benefits Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2023		2022			2021
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	-	\$	3,367,481	\$	765,100
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	_(1,500,0	00)		3,103,793)	(1,085,260)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$(1,500,0	00)	<u>\$</u>	263,688	\$(320,160)
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 24,321,2	293	<u>\$</u>	20,805,951	\$	20,805,951
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	6.1	7%		14.92%		5.22%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

²⁰¹⁷ is the first year that this information has been made available due to implementation of GASB 74 and 75.

(- <u></u>	2020		2019	2018		2017
\$	765,100	\$	981,563	\$ 981,563	\$	1,465,531
	752,030)		1,275,000)	 902,258)	_(1,924,671)
<u>\$</u>	13,070	\$(293,437)	\$ 79,305	<u>\$(</u>	459,140)
\$	20,275,984	\$	20,275,984	\$ 6,101,467	<u>\$</u>	6,101,467
	3.71%		6.29%	14.79%		31.54%

NOTES TO REQUIRED OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms for this benefit.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions:

Actuarial assumptions are based on an experience study conducted in 2021 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2018-2020.

There was a change in the assumed rate of inflation from 2.00% to 2.50%

Morality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Tables.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Supplemental Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2023		2022		2021
Total pension liability:						
Service cost	\$	53,517	\$	52,339	\$	51,873
Interest		16,690		16,196		24,547
Differences between expected and actual experience	(61,577)			(70,636)
Changes of assumptions or other input	(77,814)				40,172
Benefit payments	(60,000)	(34,380)	(21,000)
Net change in total pension liability	(129,184)		34,155		24,956
Total pension liability - beginning		745,005	-	710,850		685,894
Total pension liability - ending	\$	615,821	\$	745,005	\$	710,850
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Contributions - employer	\$	60,000	\$	534,380	\$	21,000
Net investment income	(71,523)		,		,
Benefit payments	- È	60,000)	(34,380)	(21,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(71,523)		500,000	-	
Total fiduciary net position - beginning		500,000				
Total fiduciary net position - ending	\$	428,477	\$	500,000	\$	
Net pension liability - ending	<u>\$</u>	187,344	\$	245,005	<u>\$</u>	710,850
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.58%		67.11%		0.00%
The District's covered employee payroll	\$	6,766,059	\$	3,594,980	\$	3,594,980
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.77%		6.82%		19.77%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

2017 was the first year that this information has been made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

_	2020		2019		2018		2017
\$	48,430 23,496 11,626 83,552	\$	49,252 20,375 36,595) 11,798 44,830	\$ () _()	52,574 16,958 20,253) 61,500) 12,221)	\$	52,574 16,104 (18,914) 49,764
_	602,342	_	557,512	_	569,733	_	519,969
<u>\$</u>	685,894	\$	602,342	\$	557,512	\$	569,733
\$ 	 	\$	 	\$	61,500 61,500) 	\$	18,914 (18,914)
<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	
<u>\$</u>	685,894	<u>\$</u>	602,342	\$	557,512	<u>\$</u>	569,733
	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
\$	3,905,499	\$	3,905,499	\$	3,936,491	\$	3,936,491
	17.56%		15.42%		14.16%		14.47%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Supplemental Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2023		2022		2021	
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	420,982	\$	420,982	\$	84,030
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	, <u> </u>	60,000)		534,380)	_(21,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	360,982	<u>\$ (</u>	113,398)	\$	63,030
District's covered employee payroll	<u>\$</u>	6,766,059	\$	3,594,980	\$	3,594,980
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.89%		14.86%		0.58%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

2017 was the first year that this information has been made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

	2020		2019 2018				2017
\$	84,030	\$	83,219	\$	\$ 83,219		100,127
_		_		_(61,500)	_(18,914)
<u>\$</u>	84,030	<u>\$</u>	83,219	\$	21,719	\$	81,213
<u>\$</u>	3,905,499	<u>\$</u>	3,905,499	<u>\$</u>	3,936,491	<u>\$</u>	3,936,491
	0.00%		0.00%		1.56%		0.48%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Change of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms for this benefit.

Note 2. Change of Assumptions:

Actuarial assumptions are based on an experience study conducted in 2021 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2018-2020.

There was a change is discount rate from 2.25% to 4.50%.

There was a change in the assumed rate of inflation from 2.00% to 2.50%

Morality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Tables.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

Wisconsin Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Covered Employee Payroll		Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
06/30/15	0.15155728%	\$ (3,721,638)	<u> </u>	20,009,200	
06/30/16	0.151957287	ψ	2,437,790	Ф	20,908,290 21,070,044	102.74% 98.20%
06/30/17	0.14913506%		1,229,229		21,546,989	99.12%
06/30/18	0.14901978%	(4,424,574)		22,174,332	102.93%
06/30/19	0.14923098%		5,309,170		22,901,249	96.45%
06/30/20	0.14864713%	(4,793,062)		23,662,867	102.96%
06/30/21	0.14764704%	(9,217,809)		24,427,677	105.26%
06/30/22	0.14723041%	(11,867,041)		25,462,164	106.02%
06/30/23	0.14629413%		7,750,229		26,306,841	95.72%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2015 was the first year that this information was made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Wisconsin Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Fiscal Year Ending	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
06/30/15	\$ 1,465,228	\$ 1,465,228	\$	\$ 20,908,290	7.0%
06/30/16	1,432,760	1,432,760		21,070,044	6.8%
06/30/17	1,426,781	1,426,781		21,546,989	6.6%
06/30/18	1,506,723	1,506,723		22,174,332	6.8%
06/30/19	1,534,407	1,534,407		22,901,249	6.7%
06/30/20	1,549,919	1,549,919		23,662,867	6.6%
06/30/21	1,648,871	1,648,871		24,427,677	6.8%
06/30/22	1,719,271	1,719,271		25,462,164	6.8%
06/30/23	1,708,189	1,708,189		26,306,841	6.5%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2015 was the first year that this information was made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

NOTES TO REQUIRED WRS SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Change of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Note 2. Change of Assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the 2020 Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ roportionate Share of the Net OPEB ability (Asset)	2	Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)
06/30/18	0.37986800%	\$ 1,142,863	\$	15,974,536	44.81%
06/30/19	0.39191200%	1,011,265		22,590,000	48.69%
06/30/20	0.39753100%	1,692,764		23,352,000	37.58%
06/30/21	0.40760200%	2,242,105		23,927,000	31.36%
06/30/22	0.42650800%	2,520,820		24,727,000	29.57%
06/30/23	0.43780500%	1,667,961		25,048,000	38.81%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2018 was the first year that this information was made available due to implementation of GASB 75.

NOTES TO REQUIRED LRLIF SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Change of Benefit Terms:

There were no recent changes of benefit terms.

Note 2. Change of Assumptions:

In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

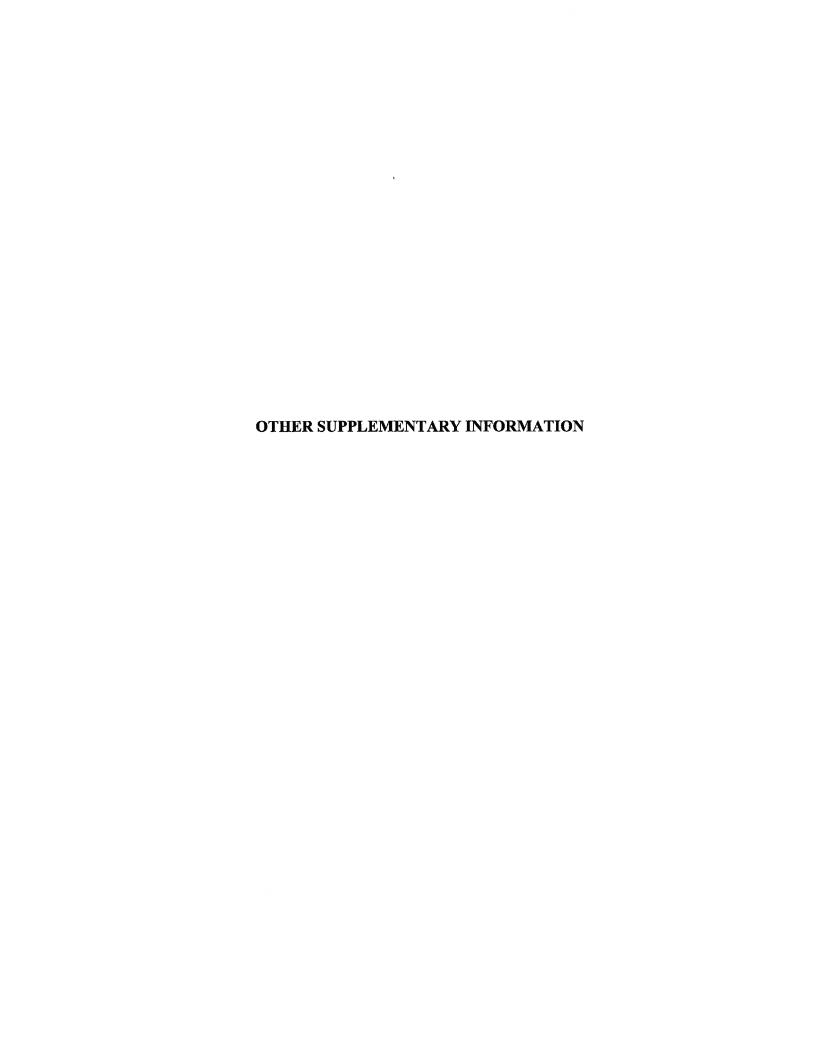
- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Local sources	\$ 8,092,790	\$ 8,092,790	\$ 8,509,227	\$ 416,437
Interdistrict sources	2,718,477	2,718,477	2,697,253	(21,224)
Intermediate sources	41,061	41,061	30,791	(21,224) $(10,270)$
State sources	35,861,026	35,861,026	36,109,555	248,529
Federal sources	4,418,865	4,418,865	4,708,633	289,768
Other revenue	483,381	483,381	164,302	(319,079)
Total revenues	51,615,600	51,615,600	52,219,761	604,161
	31,013,000		32,219,701	
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Undifferentiated curriculum	6,249,671	6,249,671	6,799,447	(549,776)
Regular curriculum	11,627,077	11,627,077	11,585,995	41,082
Other instruction	2,409,317_	2,409,317	2,517,589	(108,272)
Total instruction	20,286,065	20,286,065_	20,903,031	(616,966)
Support services and nonprogram:				
Pupil services	2,143,622	2,143,622	2,171,043	(27,421)
Instructional staff services	2,444,594	2,444,594	2,573,767	(129,173)
General administration	542,921	542,921	647,344	(104,423)
School building administration	2,834,566	2,834,566	2,940,405	(105,839)
Business administration	6,139,910	6,139,910	5,897,594	242,316
Other support services	2,775,354	2,775,354	2,734,517	40,837
Nonprogram	6,322,560_	6,322,560	6,263,175_	59,385_
Total support services				
and nonprogram	23,203,527_	23,203,527_	23,227,845_	(24,318)
Total expenditures	43,489,592	43,489,592	44,130,876	(641,284)
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	8,126,008	8,126,008	8,088,885	(37,123)
Other financing sources (uses):		, ,		(
Operating transfers (out)	(8,031,836)	(8,031,836)	(8,159,227)	(127,391)
Net change in fund balance	94,172	94,172	(70,342)	(164,514)
Fund balance, beginning of year	9,859,167	9,859,167	9,859,167	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 9,953,339	\$ 9,953,339	\$ 9,788,825	\$ (164,514)
•		**************************************		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Interdistrict sources	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	f 200 701	.
Intermediate sources	Ψ 2+0,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 320,721	\$ 80,721
State sources	2,524,350	2,524,350	6,145	6,145
Federal sources	2,403,942	2,403,942	2,823,622	299,272
Other revenue	2,403,942	2,403,942	1,908,882	(495,060)
Total revenues	5,168,292	5,168,292	5,059,370	(108,922)
Expenditures:				(108,922)
Instruction:				
Special curriculum	8,325,895	8,325,895	8,267,451	58,444
Other instruction	2,800	2,800	0,207,431	2,800
Total instruction	8,328,695	8,328,695	8,267,451	61,244
Support services and nonprogram:		-,0_0,0,0		01,244
Pupil services	1,928,662	1,928,662	1,992,112	(63,450)
Instructional staff services	613,194	613,194	527,221	85,973
Business administration	306,500	306,500	400,212	(93,712)
Other support services	200	200	988	(788)
Nonprogram	264,800	264,800	217,293	47,507
Total support services	((47,507
and nonprogram	3,113,356	3,113,356	3,137,826	(24,470)
Total expenditures	11,442,051	11,442,051	11,405,277	36,774
Excess of revenues				
under expenditures	(6,273,759)	(6,273,759)	(6,345,907)	(72,148)
Other financing sources (uses):	, , , , , , ,	(3,2.0,7.03)	(0,545,507)	(/2,140)
Operating transfers in	6 272 750	6 272 750	C 2 4 5 00 5	
operating transfers in	6,273,759	6,273,759_	6,345,907	72,148
Net change in fund balance				
Fund balance, beginning of year				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	\$	\$	\$



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2023

ASSETS		Special Revenue rust Fund	_	Food Service Fund	—	ommunity Service Fund		Totals
Cash and investments	\$	444,344	\$	1,306,452	\$	416,956	\$	2,167,752
Due from other governments			_	17,009	_		:	17,009
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	444,344	\$	1,323,461	<u>\$</u>	416,956	\$	2,184,761
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	ES							
Accounts payable	\$		\$	96,830	\$	264,781	\$	361,611
Due to other funds					•	5,806	•	5,806
Total liabilities				96,830		270,587		367,417
Fund balances:								
Spendable:								
Restricted				1,226,631				1,226,631
Assigned		444,344				146,369		590,713
Total fund balances		444,344		1,226,631	9	146,369		1,817,344
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	444,344	\$	1,323,461	\$	416,956	<u>\$</u>	2,184,761

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Revenues:	Special Revenue Trust Fund	Food Service Fund	Community Service Fund	Totals
Local sources	\$ 368,316	\$ 454,542	\$ 1,112,302	\$ 1,935,160
State sources		27,992	Ψ 1,112,502	27,992
Federal sources		1,886,596		1,886,596
Other revenue		-,,		1,000,570
Total revenues	368,316	2,369,130	1,112,302	3,849,748
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Undifferentiated curriculum	22,207			22,207
Regular curriculum	297,637			297,637
Other instruction	5,000			5,000
Total instruction	324,844			324,844
Support services:				,-
Pupil services	244			244
Food service		2,362,165		2,362,165
Community service			1,210,499	1,210,499
Total expenditures	325,088	2,362,165	1,210,499	3,897,752
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	43,228	6,965	(98,197)	(48,004)
Fund balances, beginning of year	401,116	1,219,666	244,566	1,865,348
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 444,344	\$ 1,226,631	\$ 146,369	\$ 1,817,344

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

		Long-term	
	Special -	Capital	
	Revenue	Improvement	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS	· ————————————————————————————————————		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,167,752	\$ 2,960,506	\$ 5,128,258
Due from other governments	17,009		17,009
-			
Total assets	\$ 2,184,761	\$ 2,960,506	\$ 5,145,267
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 361,611	\$ 21,810	\$ 383,421
Due to other funds	5,806	630,312	636,118
Total liabilities	367,417	652,122	1,019,539
		002,122	1,017,337
Fund balances:			
Spendable:			
Restricted	1,226,631	2,308,384	3,535,015
Assigned	590,713	-,,	590,713
Total fund balances	1,817,344	2,308,384	4,125,728
	····		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,184,761	\$ 2,960,506	\$ 5,145,267
	-,,,,,,,	= 2,500,500	Ψ 3,173,207

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Fund	Long-term Capital Improvement Fund	Totals
Revenues:			
Local sources	\$ 1,935,160	\$ 94,579	\$ 2,029,739
State sources	27,992		27,992
Federal sources	1,886,596	<u>-</u> -	1,886,596
Total revenues	3,849,748	94,579	3,944,327
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Undifferentiated curriculum	22,207		22,207
Regular curriculum	297,637		297,637
Other instruction	5,000		5,000
Total instruction	324,844		324,844
Support services:			,
Pupil services	244		244
Business administration		1,152,122	1,152,122
Other support services		811	811
Food service	2,362,165		2,362,165
Community service	1,210,499		1,210,499
Total expenditures	3,897,752	1,152,933	5,050,685
Excess of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(48,004)	(1,058,354)	(1,106,358)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Operating transfers in		500,000	500,000
Net change in fund balances	(48,004)	(558,354)	(606,358)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,865,348	2,866,738	4,732,086
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,817,344	\$ 2,308,384	\$ 4,125,728

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -GENERAL FUND

June 30, 2023

A CCETTO		General Fund	Special Education Fund	_Elir	ninations	. 12	Total General Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	7,817,398	\$ 234,012	\$		\$	8,051,410
Taxes receivable, net		3,968,245					3,968,245
Accounts receivable		305,577					305,577
Due from other funds		1,306,999					1,306,999
Due from other governments		1,661,335	801,724				2,463,059
Prepaid expense	_	26,755	 	y-			26,755
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	15,086,309	\$ 1,035,736	\$		\$	16,122,045
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	VCE	ES .					
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	794,834	\$ 1,774	\$		\$	796,608
Accrued salaries and related items	8	4,502,650	1,033,962				5,536,612
Total liabilities		5,297,484	1,035,736				6,333,220
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		26,755					26,755
Spendable:		•					20,700
Assigned		9,762,070					9,762,070
Total fund balances		9,788,825					9,788,825
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,086,309	\$ 1,035,736	\$		\$	16,122,045

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

Revenues:	-	General Fund	_	Special Education Fund	Elim	inations_	: 4	Total General Fund
Local sources	\$	8,509,227	\$		ф		Φ.	0.500.505
Interdistrict sources	Ф	2,697,253	Ф	220.721	\$		\$	8,509,227
Intermediate sources		30,791		320,721				3,017,974
State sources		36,109,555		6,145 2,823,622				36,936
Federal sources		4,708,633		1,908,882				38,933,177
Other revenue		164,302		1,900,002				6,617,515
Total revenues	_	52,219,761	9	5,059,370	_			164,302
	_	32,219,701	S	3,039,370	-		_	57,279,131
Expenditures: Instruction:								
Undifferentiated curriculum		6,799,447						6,799,447
Regular curriculum		11,585,995						11,585,995
Special curriculum				8,267,451				8,267,451
Other instruction		2,517,589						2,517,589
Total instruction		20,903,031		8,267,451				29,170,482
Support services and nonprogram	:							
Pupil services		2,171,043		1,992,112				4,163,155
Instructional staff services		2,573,767		527,221				3,100,988
General administration		647,344						647,344
School building administration		2,940,405						2,940,405
Business administration		5,897,594		400,212				6,297,806
Other support services		2,734,517		988				2,735,505
Nonprogram		6,263,175		217,293				6,480,468
Total support services								
and nonprogram		23,227,845	1	3,137,826				26,365,671
Total expenditures		44,130,876		11,405,277				55,536,153
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		8,088,885	(6,345,907)	3			1 742 079
`		0,000,005	•	0,545,707)				1,742,978
Other financing sources (uses):				< 0.45 0.05				
Operating transfers in	,	0.150.007		6,345,907		345,907)		
Operating transfers (out)		8,159,227)			6,.	345,907		1,813,320)
Net change in fund balances	(70,342)					(70,342)
Fund balances, beginning of year		9,859,167						9,859,167
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	9,788,825	\$		\$		\$	9,788,825

MENASHA JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Section VI

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOL AUTHORIZER OPERATING COSTS

FISCAL YEAR ENDING 2023

OPERATING ACTIVITY	WUFAR OBJECT CODE	Cost
EMPLOYEE SALARIES	100	\$273.06
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	200	\$104.54
PURCHASED SERVICES	300	
NON-CAPITAL OBJECTS	400	
CAPITAL OBJECTS	500	
INSURANCE & JUDGEMENTS	700	
OTHER (REPLACE OTHER WITH AN ACTIVITY NAME)	900	
OTHER (REPLACE OTHER WITH AN ACTIVITY NAME)	900	
TOTAL		\$377.60

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/	Assistance	_	Accrued
Pass-Through Grantor/	Listing	Identification	Receivable
Award Description	Number	Number	6/30/22
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Pass-Through Programs From:			
WI Department of Public Instruction:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Breakfast Severe	10.553	2023-703430-DPI-SB-SEVERE-546	9,235
National School Lunch-noncash	10.555	2023-703430-DPI-NSL-001	
National School Lunch-cash	10.555	2023-703430-DPI-NSL-547	20,048
National School Milk	10.556	2023-703430-DPI-SMP-548	4
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	2023-703430-DPI-SFSP-586	
Child Nutrition Cluster Totals			29,287
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	2023-703430-DPI-AR-551	1,243
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2023-703430-DPI-FFVPOCTPUB-376	7,012
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2023-703430-DPI-FFVP-JULY-594	
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION			
Emergency Connectivity Fund	32.009	N/A	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Pass-Through Programs From:			
WI Department of Public Instruction:			
Title I:			
Title I-A	84.010A	. 2023-703430-DPI-TIA-141	358,559
Special Education Cluster:			330,333
IDEA Flow Through	84.027A	2023-703430-DPI-FLOW-341	333,198
IDEA Preschool Entitlement	84.173A	2023-703430-DPI-PRESCH-347	
Special Education Cluster Totals			333,198
ESEA-EHCY	84.196A	2023-703430-DPI-EHCY-335	
21st Century Community			
Learning Centers	84.287	2023-703430-DPI-TIVB-367	25,306
Title III-A Grants to LEAs	84.365A	2023-703430-DPI-TIIIA-391	18,084
Title II-A, Teacher/ Principal			-
Training and Recruiting Fund	84.367A	2023-703430-DPI-TIIA-365	13,232
Title IV-A	84.424A	2023-703430-DPI-TIVA-381	51,097
Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund - II	84.425D	2023-703430-DPI-ESSERII-163	1,075,106
Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund - III	84.425U	2023-703430-DPI-ESSERIII-165	
ARPA-ARP HCY I	84.425W	2023-703430-DPI-ARPHCYI-168	
ARPA-ARP HCY II	84.425W	2023-703430-DPI-ARPHCYII-173	
CESA #6:			
Carl Perkins	84.048	N/A	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	N SERVICES		
Pass-Through Programs From:	DERVICE	•	
WI Department of Health Services:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	
•		14/74	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURIT	Υ		
Pass-Through Programs From:			
Wisconsin Emergency Management	07.036	27/4	
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	N/A	
Totals		_\$	1,912,124
		-	

Expenditures		Grantor Reimbursement		Accrued Receivable 6/30/23	
\$	416,528	\$	421,647	\$	4,116
	204,737 1,006,370		204,737 1,018,215		9 202
	1,000,370		1,018,213		8,203
	38,552		38,552		
	1,667,514	_	1,684,482	-	12,319
	173,321	_	173,949	-	615
	42,088		45,024		4,076
	3,673		3,673		
	215,726		215,726		
,	761,220	-	754,807	5	364,972
	ACE AEC		670.761		127 002
	465,456 47,665		670,761 23,194		127,893 24,471
-	513,121	-	693,955	-	152,364
2)	15,000	-			15,000
			25,306		
	54,578		51,510		21,152
	129,443		89,406		53,269
	55,563		83,861		22,799
	331,847		1,315,963		90,990
	3,086,159		2,064,271		1,021,888
	30,000				30,000
	22,695				22,695
	30,791		30,791		
	916,217		916,217		
1	114,357		114,357	_	
\$	8,163,313	\$	8,263,298	\$	1,812,139

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

State Grantor/ Award Description	State ID Number	Pass-Through Identification Number	Accrued Receivable 6/30/22	
WI DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUC	CTION			
Special Education and School				
Age Parents	255.101	703430-100	\$	
State School Lunch	255.102	703430-107		
Common School Fund Library Aid	255.103	703430-104		
Bilingual/Bicultural Aid	255.106	703430-111		
Pupil Transportation Aid	255.107	703430-102		
General Equalization Aid	255.201	703430-116		
High Cost Special Education Aid	255.210	703430-119		
Aid for School Mental Health	255.227	703430-176		153,473
Peer-to-Peer Suicide Prevention	255.246	703430-183		
School Based Mental Health Services	255.297	703430-177		
State School Breakfast Aid	255.344	703430-108		
Aid for High-poverty School District	255.926	703430-121		
Educator Effective Evaluation System	255.940	703430-154		
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	703430-113		
Career and Technical Educator Incentive	255.950	703430-152		
Assessments of Reading Readiness	255.956	703430-166		
Robotics Lead Participation Grants	255.959	703430-167		
CESA #6: Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101	N/A		
_	233.101	1N/A		
WI DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Safety Initiative	455.206	N/A		
Totals			<u>\$</u>	153,473

Expenditures	Grantor Reimbursement	Accrued Receivable 6/30/23	
\$ 2,821,381	\$ 2,821,381	\$	
14,527	14,527		
189,442	189,442		
314,748	314,748		
83,597	83,597		
32,309,435	32,309,435		
2,241	2,241		
193,043	346,516		
1,000	1,000		
24,393	24,393		
13,465	13,465		
187,707	187,707		
25,120	25,120		
2,504,250	2,504,250		
10,984	10,984		
4,779	4,779		
7,854	7,854		
- ,	7,001	= -	
6,145	6,145		
14,793	14,793		
\$ 38,728,904	\$ 38,882,377	\$	

NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards (schedules) include the federal and state grant activity of Menasha Joint School District under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Guidelines. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of Menasha Joint School District, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in the net assets or cash flow of Menasha Joint School District.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the schedules are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedules represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Menasha Joint School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3. Special Education and School Age Parents Program:

The 2022-2023 eligible costs under the state special education program as reported by the District are \$9,784,319. The 2023-2024 estimated aid reimbursement for this program is \$3,082,061.

Note 4. Noncash Awards:

The federal donated commodities in the Child Nutrition Cluster is administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and passed through the Wisconsin Department of Instruction and transactions relating to this program are included in the District's basic financial statements. Commodities received during the year that are included in the federal expenditures are valued by the federal agency. There are no balances outstanding as of June 30, 2023.



Erickson & Associates, S.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Menasha Joint School District Menasha, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Menasha Joint School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Menasha Joint School District's Response to Findings

Erickson : associates, S.C.

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ERICKSON & ASSOCIATES, S.C.

Appleton, Wisconsin January 3, 2024



Erickson & Associates, S.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

To the Board of Education Menasha Joint School District Menasha, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion of Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Menasha Joint School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as a subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Guidelines. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal and state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and State Single Audit Guidelines will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Guidelines, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
 basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single
 Audit Guidelines, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Exickson : associates, S.C. ERICKSON & ASSOCIATES, S.C.

Appleton, Wisconsin January 3, 2024

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Summary of Auditor's Results:

Summary of Auditor's Results:		•			
Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued in accordance	with				
Generally accepted accounting principles:	Unmodified opinion				
Internal control over financial reporting:		F			
Material weakness(es) identified?		No			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes				
Noncompliance material to the financial stater	No				
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major federal program(s)	:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	Material weakness(es) identified?				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		No			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance					
for major federal programs:		Unmodified opinion			
Any audit findings disclosed that are		•			
required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?					
		No			
Identification of major federal programs:					
		Child Nutrition Cluster			
	10.553	National School Breakfast Severe			
	10.555	National School Lunch			
	10.556	National School Milk			
	10.559	Summer Food Service Program			
4	21.027	Emergency Connectivity Fund			
,	84.425D	ESSER – II			
•	84.425U	ESSER – III			
	84.425W	ARPA			
Dollar throughold wood to distinguish to					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		# 550,000			
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?		\$750,000			
		Yes			
State Awards					
Internal control over major state programs: Material weakness(es) identified?		27			
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		No			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance		No			
for major state programs:		Unmodified opinion			
Any audit findings disclosed that are	omnouned opinion				
required to be reported in accordance					
with the State Single Audit Guidelines?		No			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Identification of major state programs:

255.101 Special Education and
School Age Parents
255.201 General Equalization Aid
255.103 Common School Fund Library Aid

255.925 Per Pupil Aid

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$250,000

Financial Statement Findings:

2023-001 Financial Statement Preparation

Condition: The District has historically relied upon its auditors to assist in the preparation of the

district-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the District's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who

cannot by definition be considered part of the District's internal controls.

Criteria: We are required to report on whether the District is able to prepare financial statements

in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data, and (2) reporting district-

wide and fund financial statements, including the related footnotes.

Cause: The additional costs with hiring staff experienced in preparing financial statements,

along with additional training time, outweigh the derived benefits.

Effect: Information provided to management throughout the year may not be presented in

accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Identification of a

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding from previous audits, see 2022-001.

Recommendation: The District should continue to evaluate the cost/benefit of outsourcing the task of

preparing the financial statements to the external auditors.

Views of Responsible

Officials: See District's corrective action plan.

Federal and State Findings and Questioned Costs:

None

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Other Issues:

Does the auditor's report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the District's ability to continue as a going concern?

No

Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned costs, material weakness, significant deficiency, management letter comment, excess revenue, or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the State Single Audit Guidelines?

Department of Public Instruction

No

Was a management letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?

Yes

Signature of shareholder Date of report

Bland Pubel January 3, 2024

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Status of Prior Year Findings

The findings noted in the 2022 schedule of findings and questioned costs have been reported to the proper federal and state agencies.

2022-001 Financial Statement Preparation

Management continues to believe that due to budget constraints, it is not practicable for the District to hire additional staff to correct this finding. This is considered to be a repeat finding.



MENASHA JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

2023-001 Financial Statement Preparation

The District has evaluated the cost/benefit of outsourcing the task of preparing the financial statements to an external accountant. It would be cost prohibitive to hire additional staff or outsource the task to an outside accountant. However, management of the District has obtained the necessary skills, knowledge, and experience to accept responsibility for the preparation of the District's financial statements.

Anticipated Corrective Action Plan Completion Date: Ongoing

The contact person responsible for the corrective action plan is Brian Adesso, Director of Business.

Brian Adesso

Bin an

Director of Business Services

920-967-1427